

7th Grade Health

Unit: Sexual Health

Lesson Name: Anatomy and Reproduction

Days or Dates:

Previous Lesson: Pubert and Development	Next Lesson: Prevention
Essential Standard(s):	
H1.Se1.7a: Describe reproductive systems including body parts and functions. (Essential)	
Learning Targets:	
Name & define the function of at least 3 male and 3 female body parts.	
Academic Vocabulary:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ovaries• Vagina• Uterus• Clitoris• Inner Labia• Fallopian Tubes• Cervix• Outer Labia• Penis• Urethra• Testicles• Scrotum• Foreskin• Epididymis• Vas Deferens	
Instructional Materials Needed:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Any PowerPoints, handouts, graphic organizers, websites, etc.	
Teen Talk Match Up	
Use 3Rs Everybody's got body parts I link to slide show url (slides 1-10 only) Make into our own slide show	

How will you assess that the standards are being learned?

- **Please list any projects, assignments, formative assessments and cumulative assessments**

Ongoing formative assessments

Snohomish School District Sexual Health Curriculum 7th Grade

Target Grade: 7th Grade

Topic: Anatomy, reproduction, and pregnancy

Washington State Standard: Describe reproductive systems including body parts and functions.
H1.Se1.7a

Learning Objectives:

Name and define the function of at least 3 male and 3 female body parts.

Time: 50 minutes

Material:

- Power Point on Reproductive system (Male & Female)
- Male and Female match up assignment
- Exit ticket to see if they can name and describe 3 body parts for male/female

Procedure:

Step 1: Begin with introducing to the class that we will be talking about the male and female reproductive system and anatomy. There might be words that they have heard that could be funny, but we need to be mature during today's learning.

Step 2: Explain that today they will be going through a Power Point on their computers that show images and describe different body parts of a female and a male's reproductive anatomy.

Step 3: Show them examples of the Power Point and how you would like them to look at the images, read the information and then match the correct body part with its function.

Step 4: Have each student grab a computer & the Male/Female match up assignment. You can have the students work individually or with partners. They will then be directed to go through the Power Point and work on the match up assignment.

Step 5: Give students about 20 minutes to complete the assignment.

Step 6: Bring students back together and go over the answers. To make sure they have found the correct information. Answer any questions that the students might have about the information they went through.

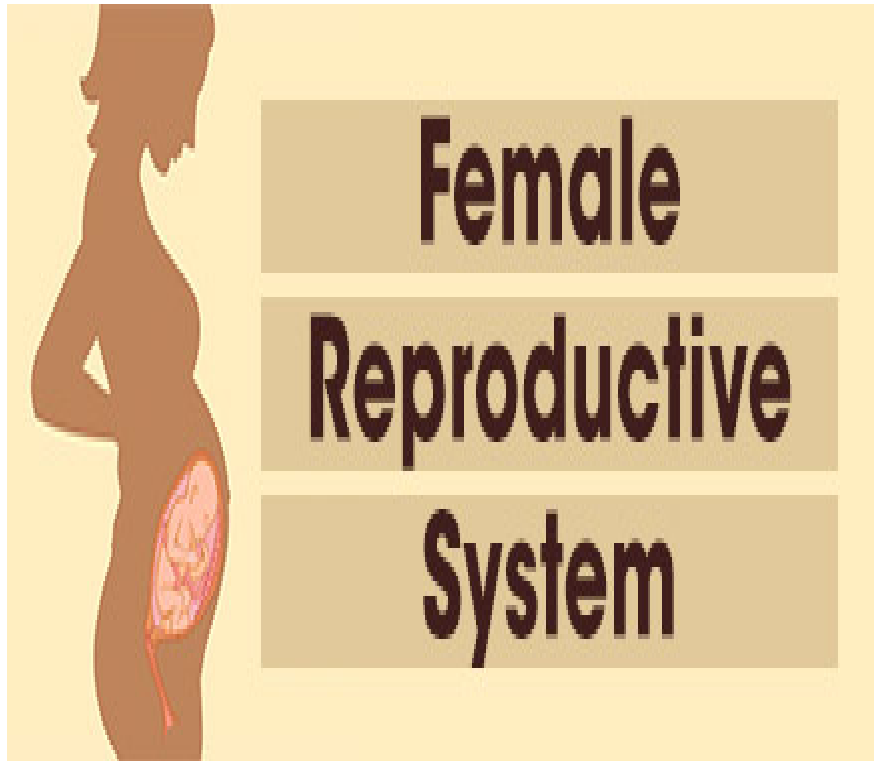
Step 7: Give students the exit ticket. This will provide us with information about on if the students met our learning target- on your computer or on a piece of paper write down 3 things you take away from today's lesson.

Reproductive systems

Male & Female



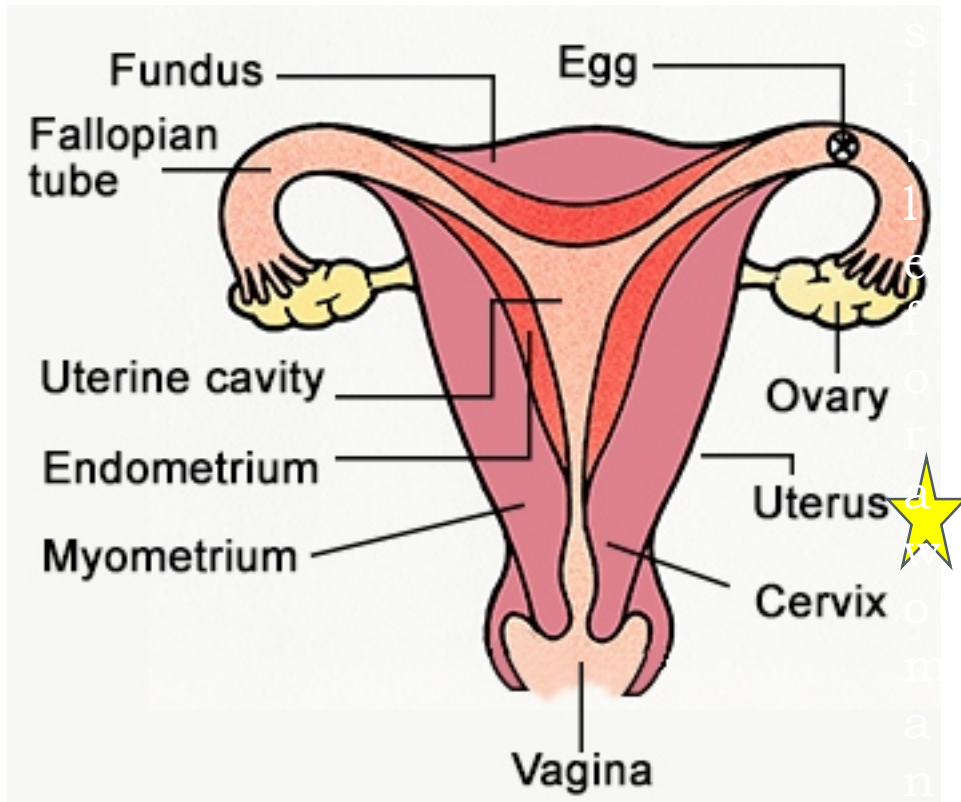
The female reproductive system



It's called the reproductive system because it supports the development and growth of a baby.



Uterus



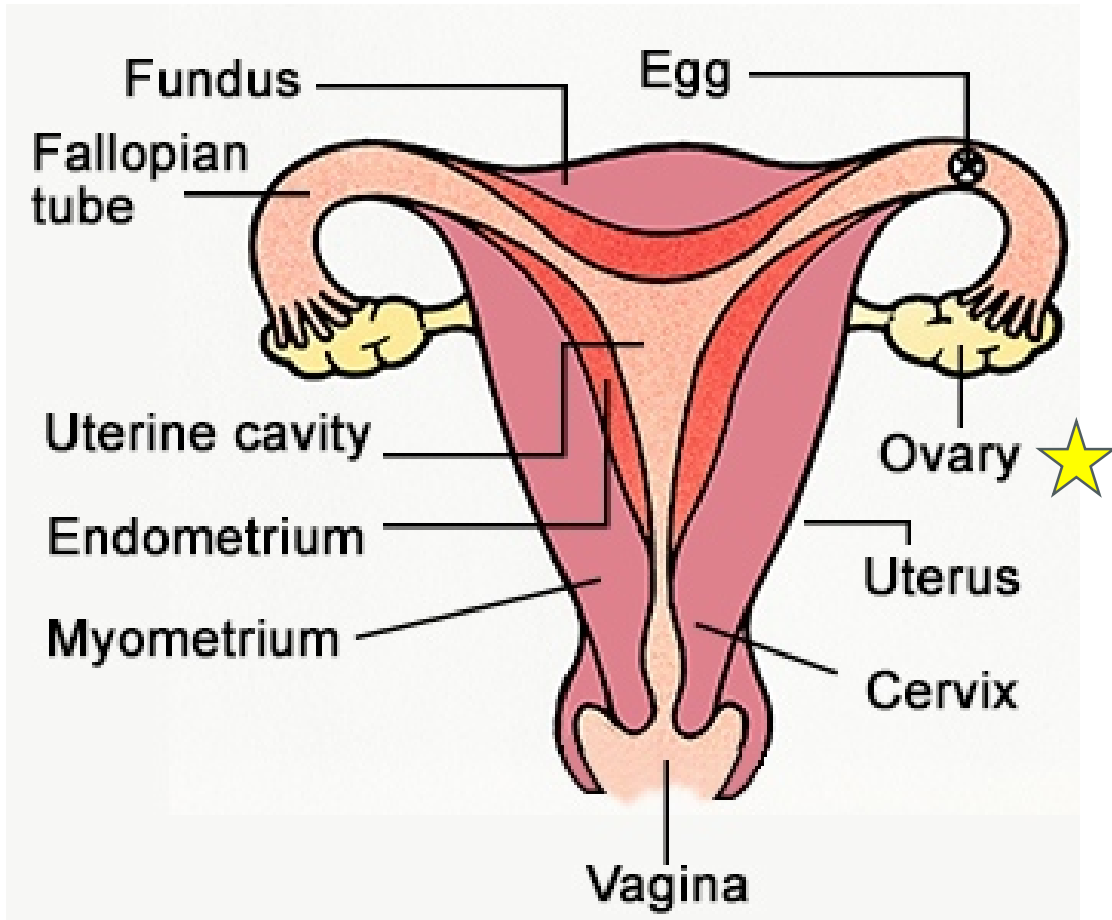
The **uterus** is where a fetus, or baby, grows. It is a hollow, pear-shaped organ with a muscular wall.



Ovaries

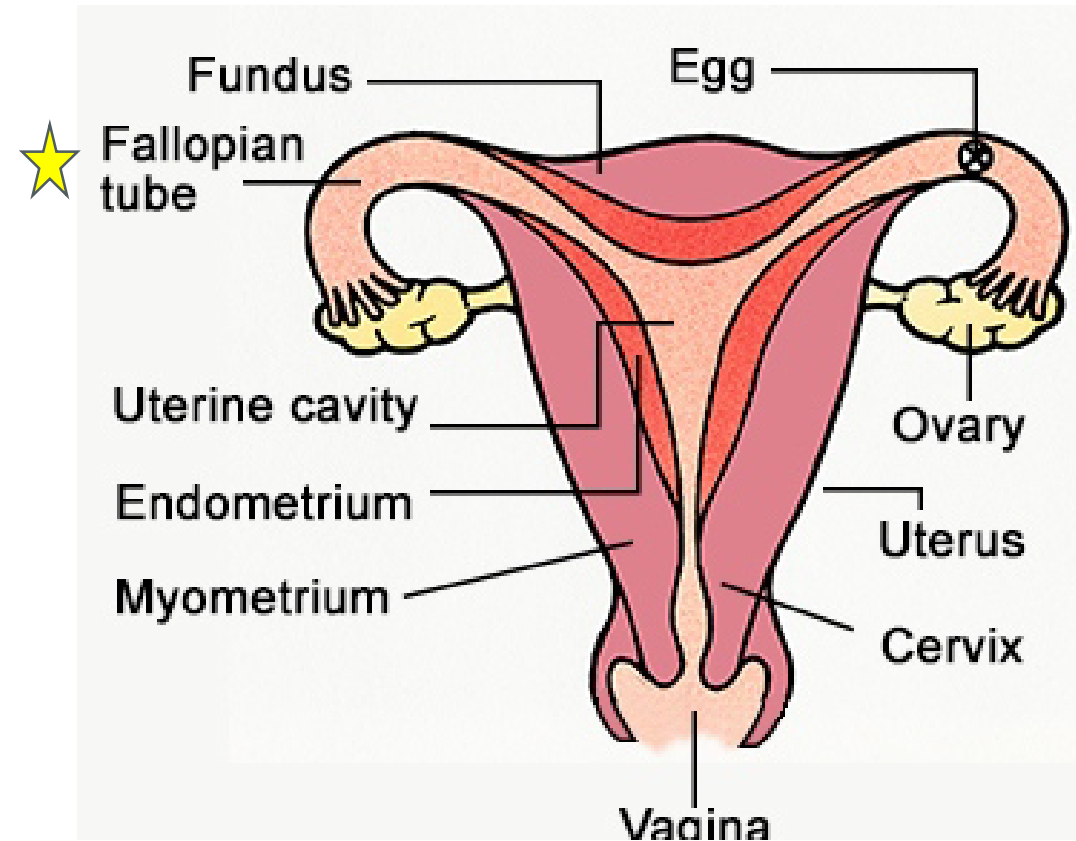
- There are two ovaries, one on either side of the uterus. Ovaries make eggs and hormones like estrogen and progesterone. These hormones help girls develop, and make it possible for a woman to have a baby.

The ovaries release an egg as part of a woman's cycle. When an egg is released, it's called **ovulation**. Each egg is tiny – about one-tenth the size of a poppy seed.



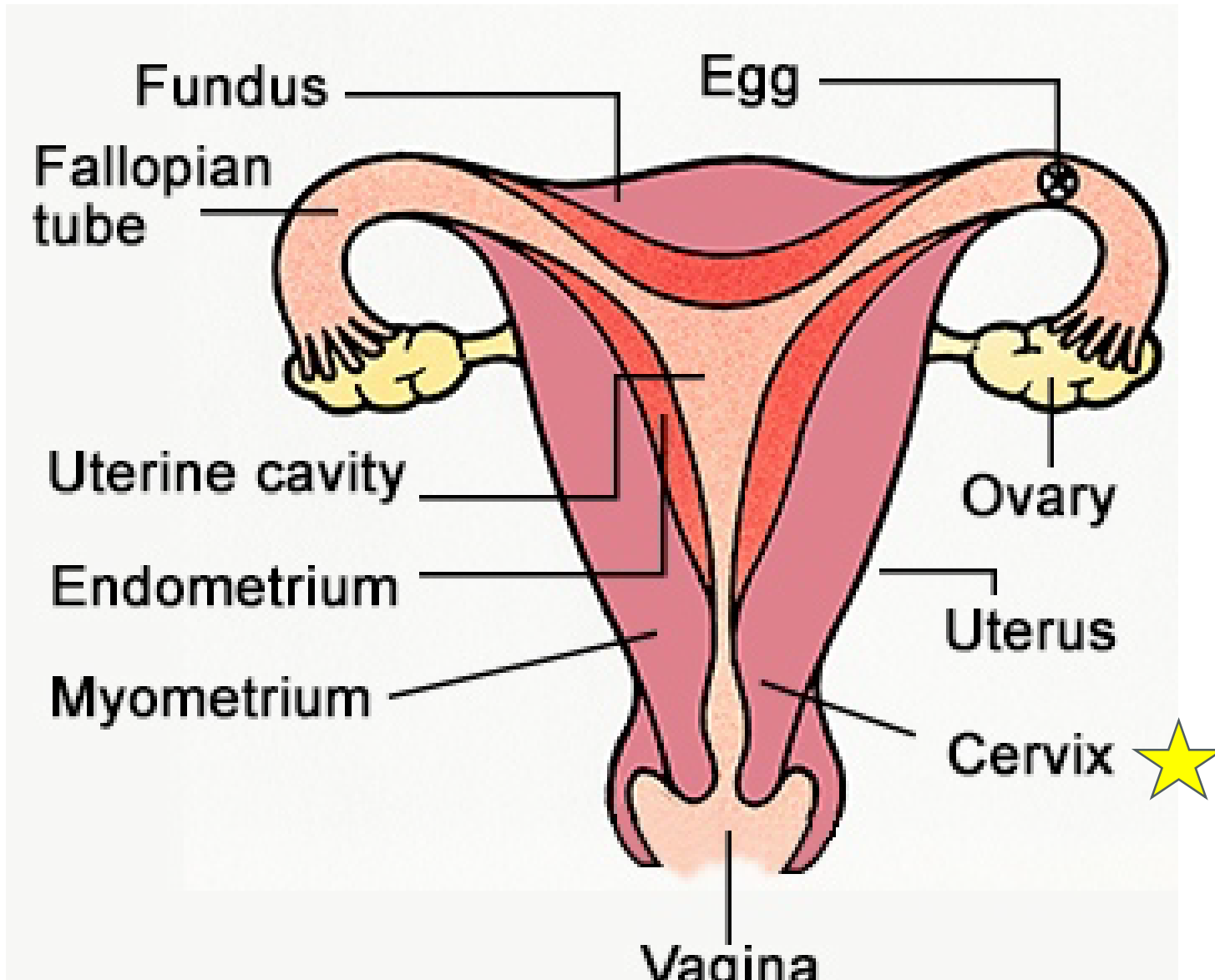
Fallopian Tube

- Fallopian tubes go from the ovaries uterus to. During ovulation, an ovary releases an egg cell into the fallopian tube next to it



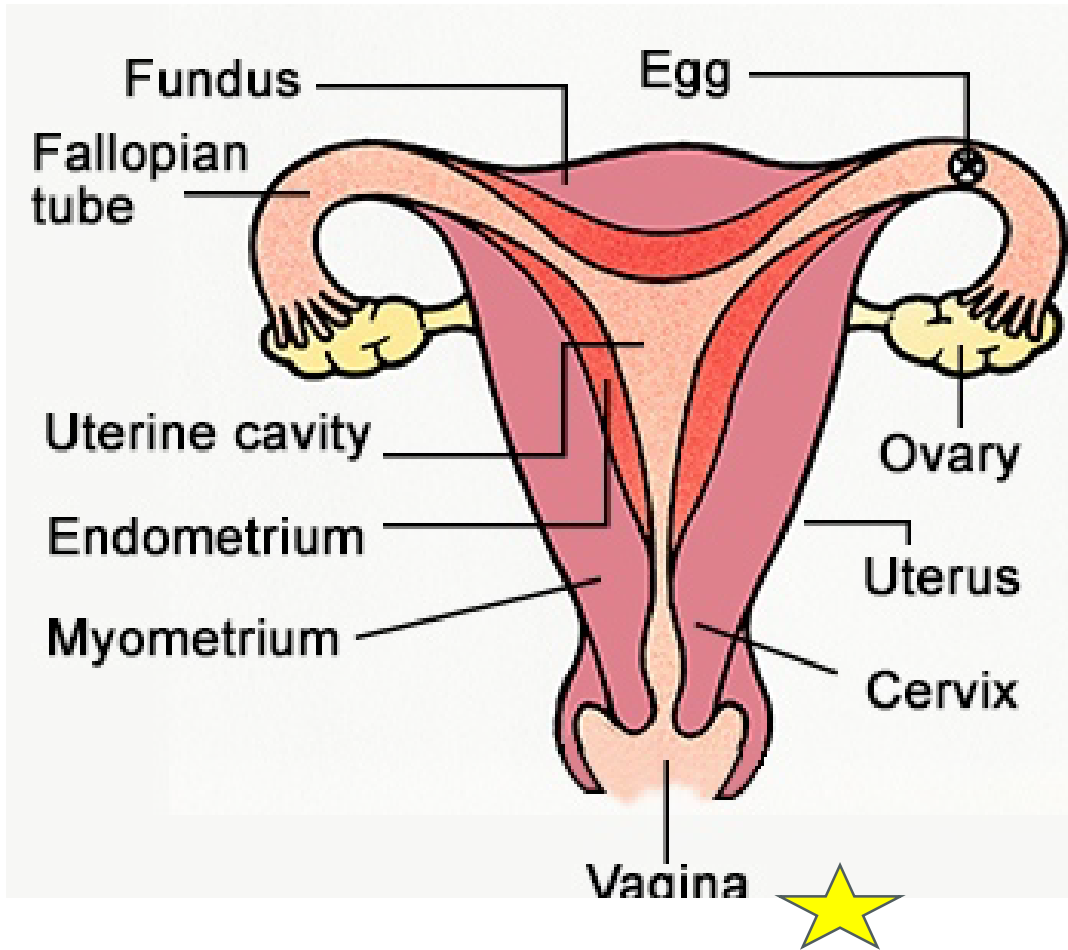
Cervix

- The **cervix** is the lower part of the uterus that opens into the vagina. During childbirth, the cervix expands about 4 inches (10 centimeters) so the baby can travel from the uterus through the vagina and into the world.



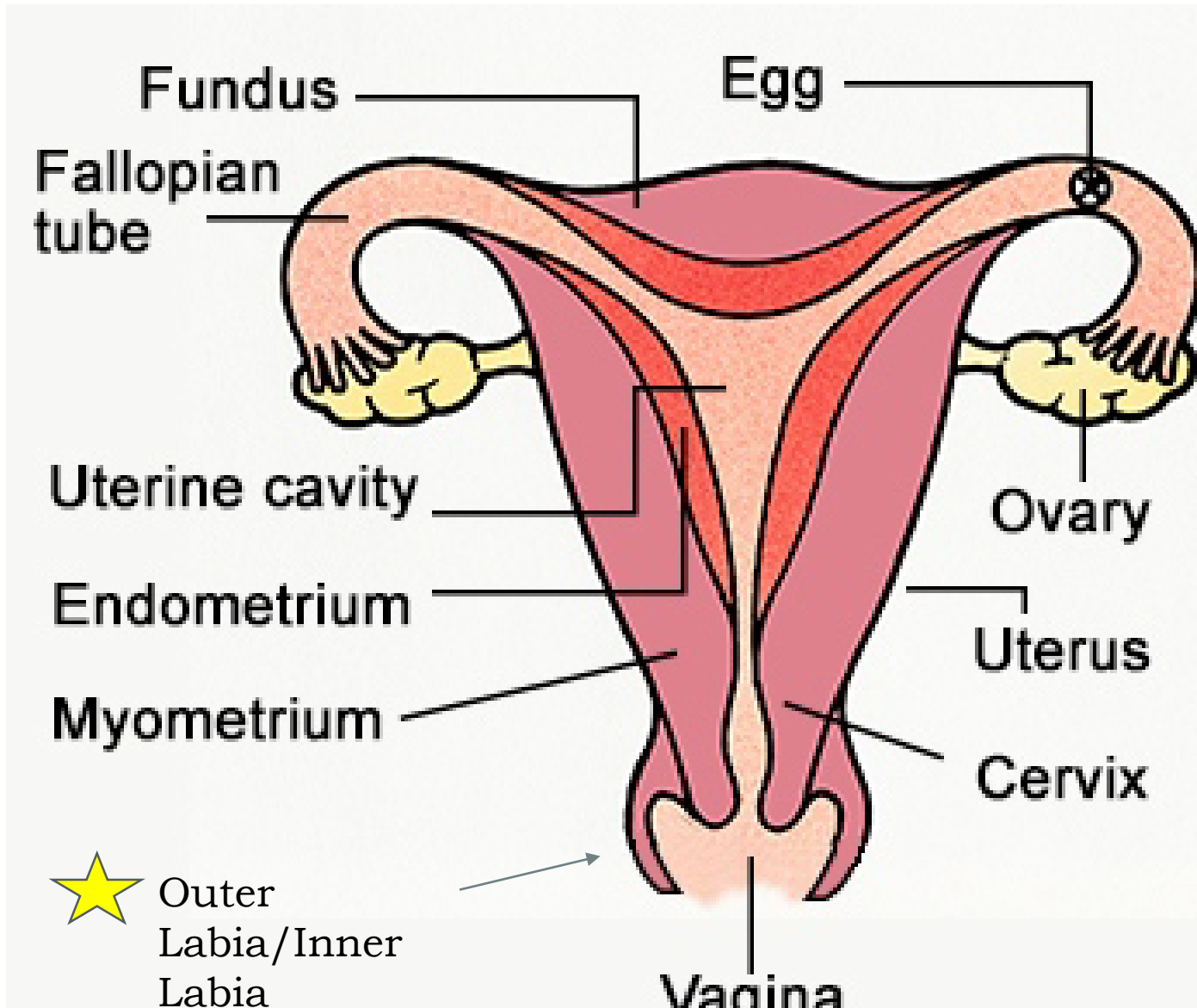
Vagina

- The vagina is a tube that connects the uterus. Monthly menstruation flows through it to leave the body. The entrance to the vagina is on the outside of the body. It's called the **vaginal opening**.



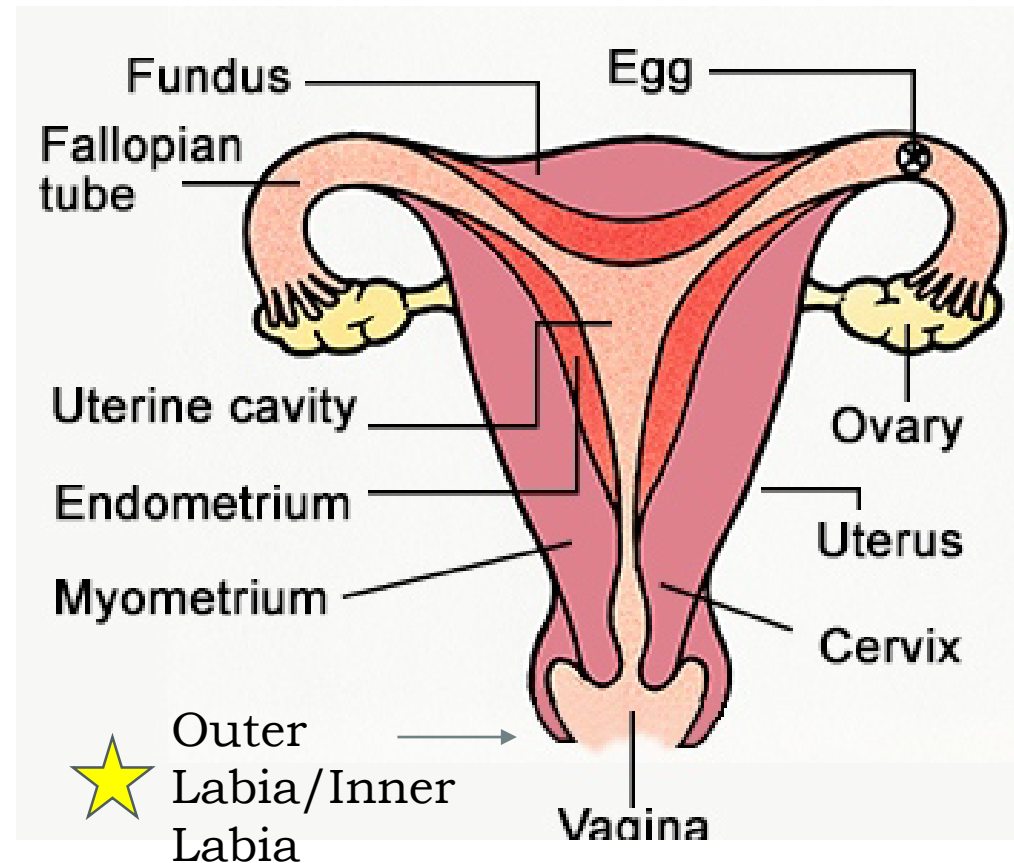
Outer Labia

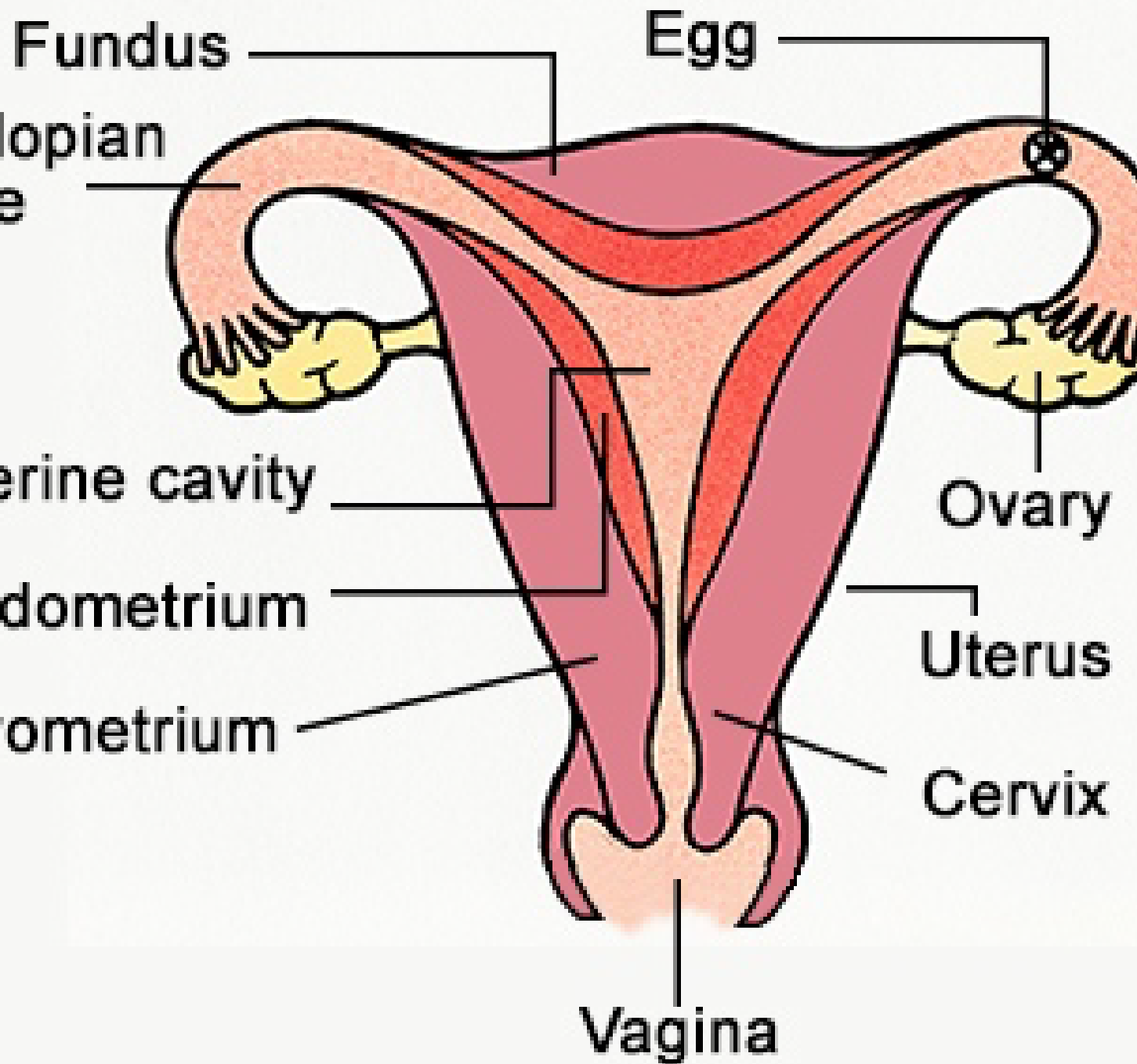
- The outermost folds of skin that make up the vulva; they have pubic hair growing on them.



Inner Labia

- The inner fold of skin that makes up the vulva; they cover the openings to the vagina to protect it from bacteria and infections; they also fill up with blood when the women's body is sexually excited.



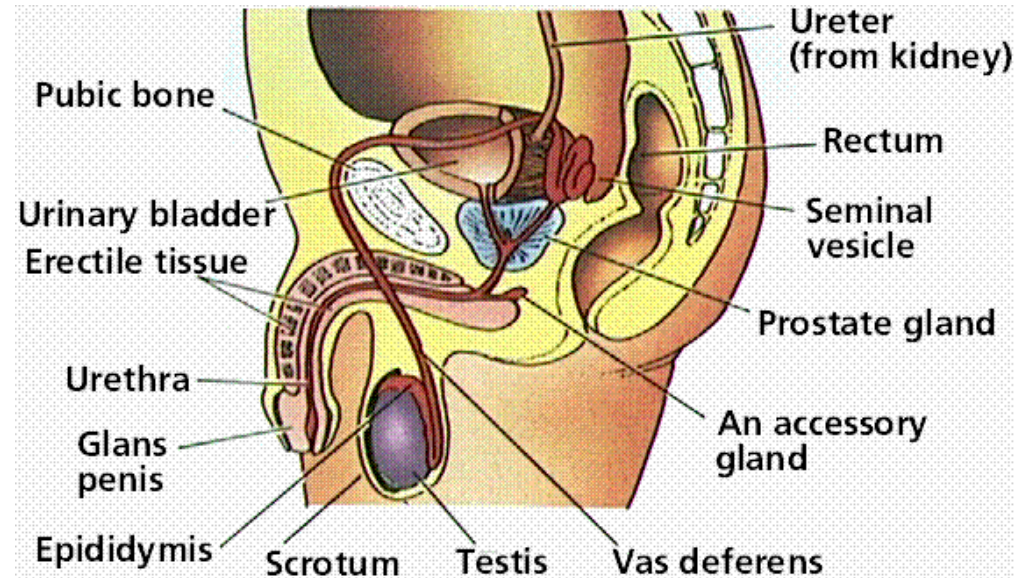


Clitoris

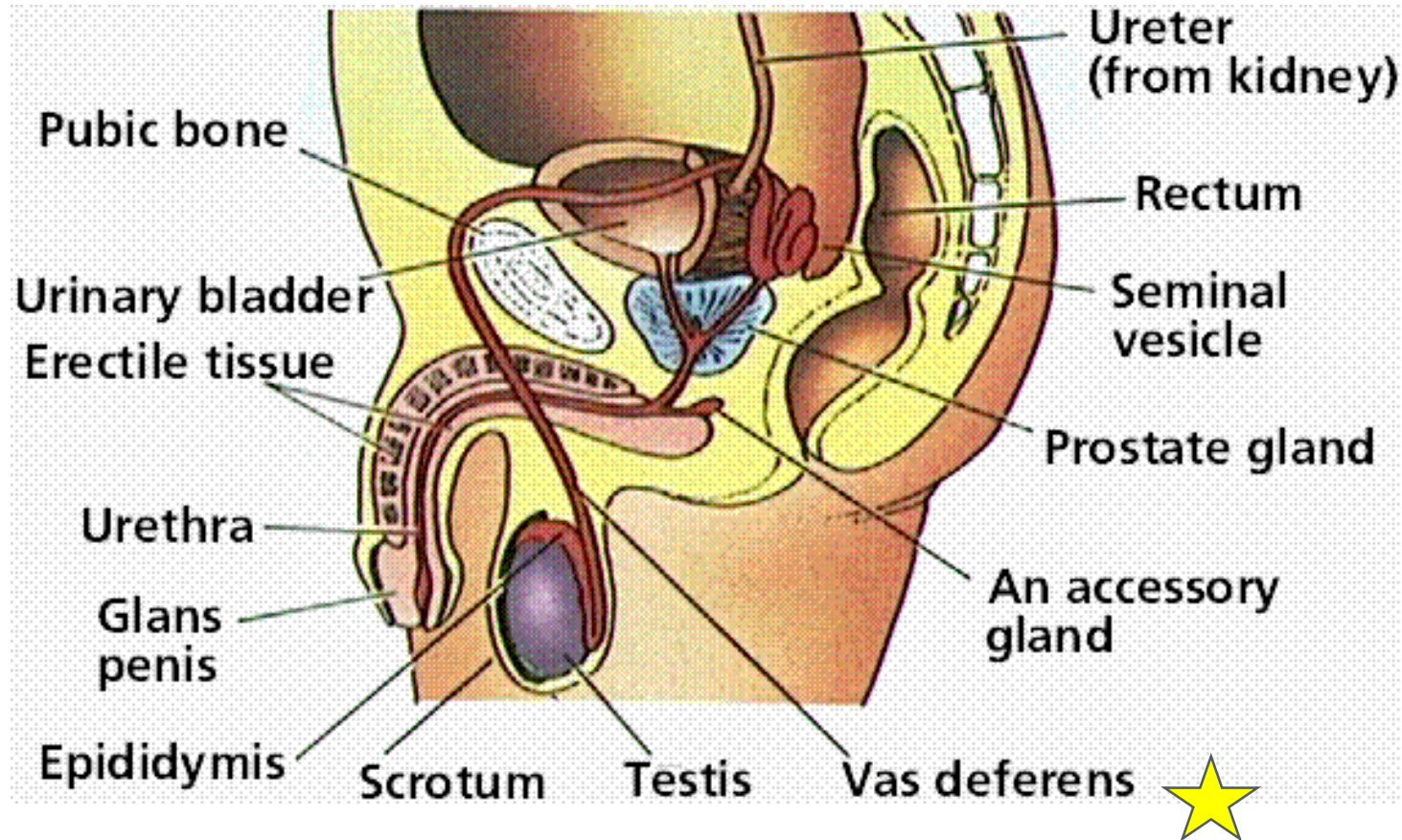
The only human body part that has no purpose other than pleasure.



Male Reproductive System



Vas Deferens

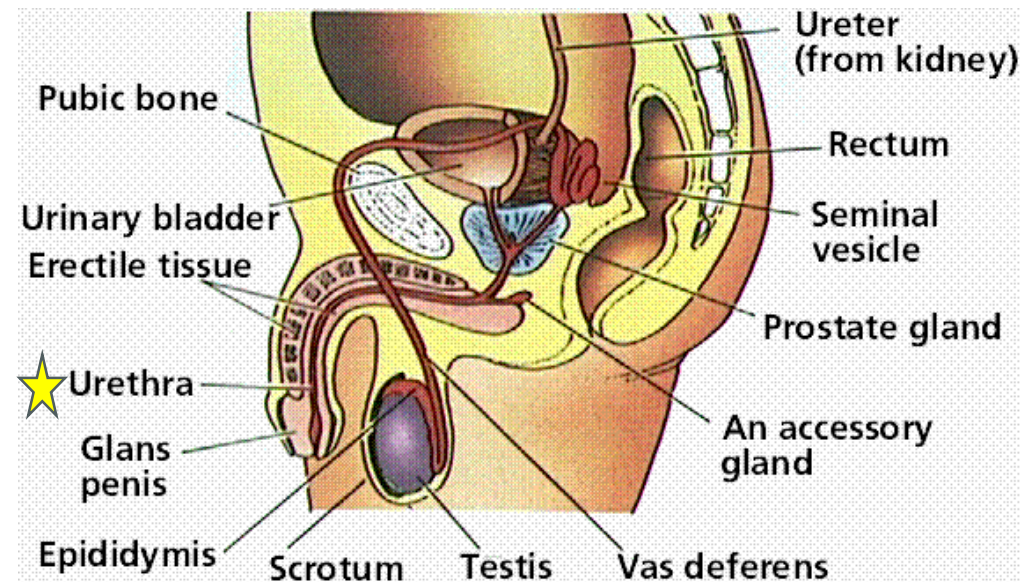


- The tube that sperm travel through before joining up with seminal fluids (sperm highway)

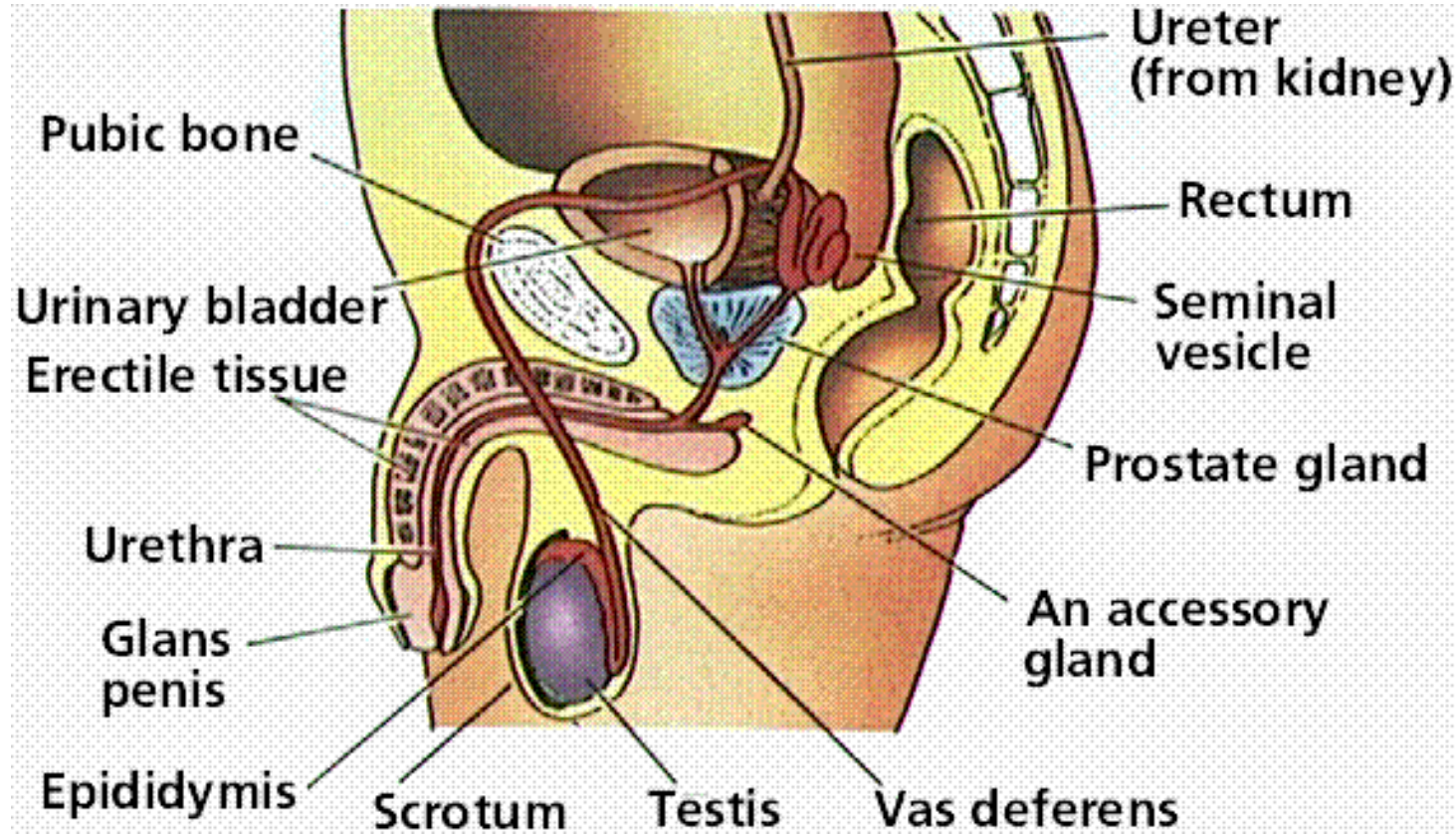


Urethra

- The tube that carries urine, semen, and pre-ejaculation fluid (also known as “pre-cum”) out of the male’s body.

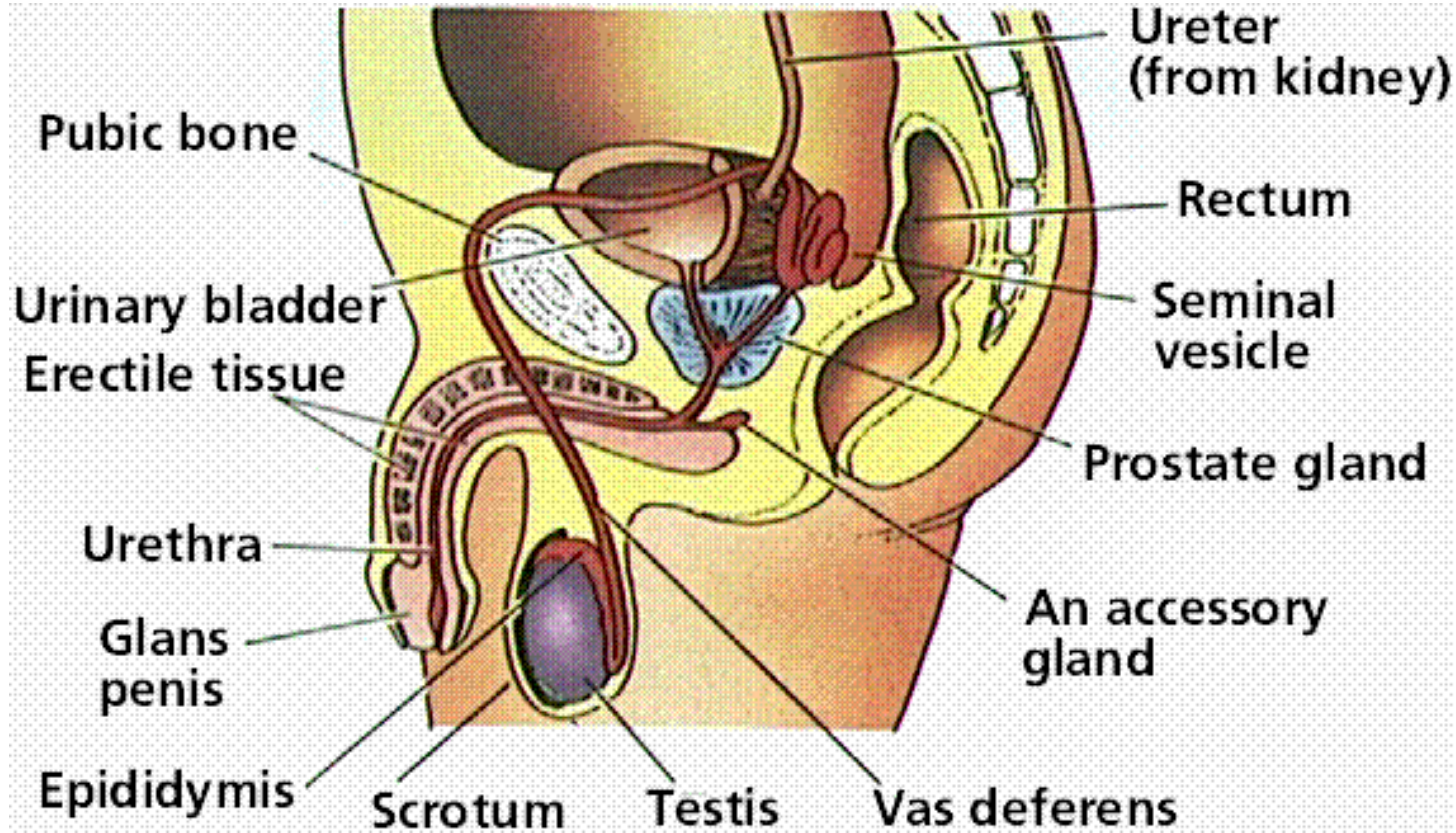


Scrotum



- The pouch of skin that protects the testicles, and holds them at a lower body temperature to aid in the production of sperm.





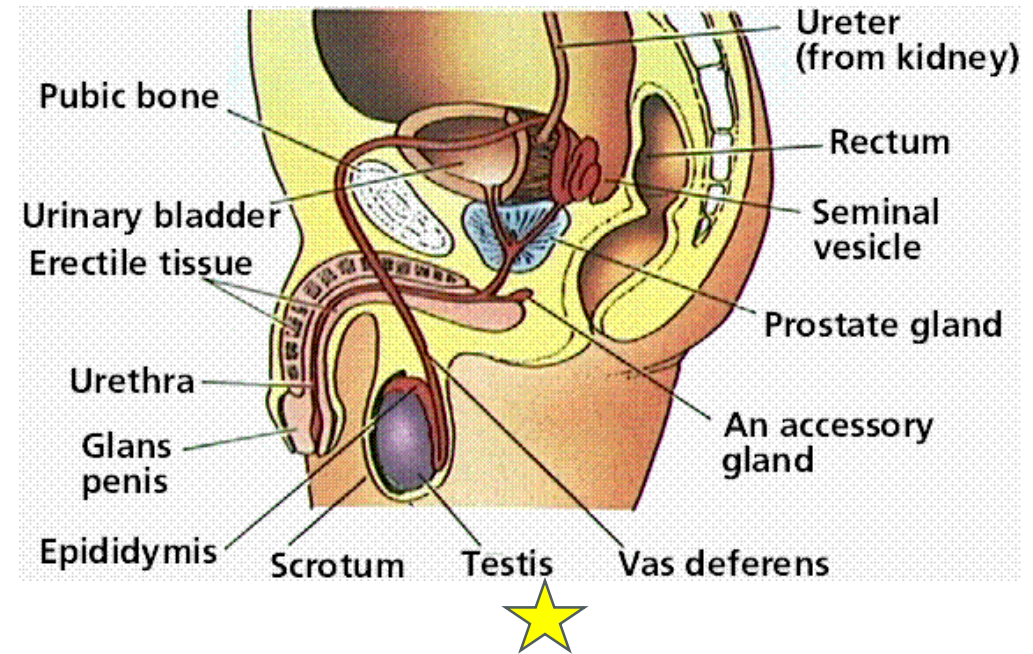
Penis

- The male organ used for sexual intercourse; it becomes erect when the male's body is sexually excited.



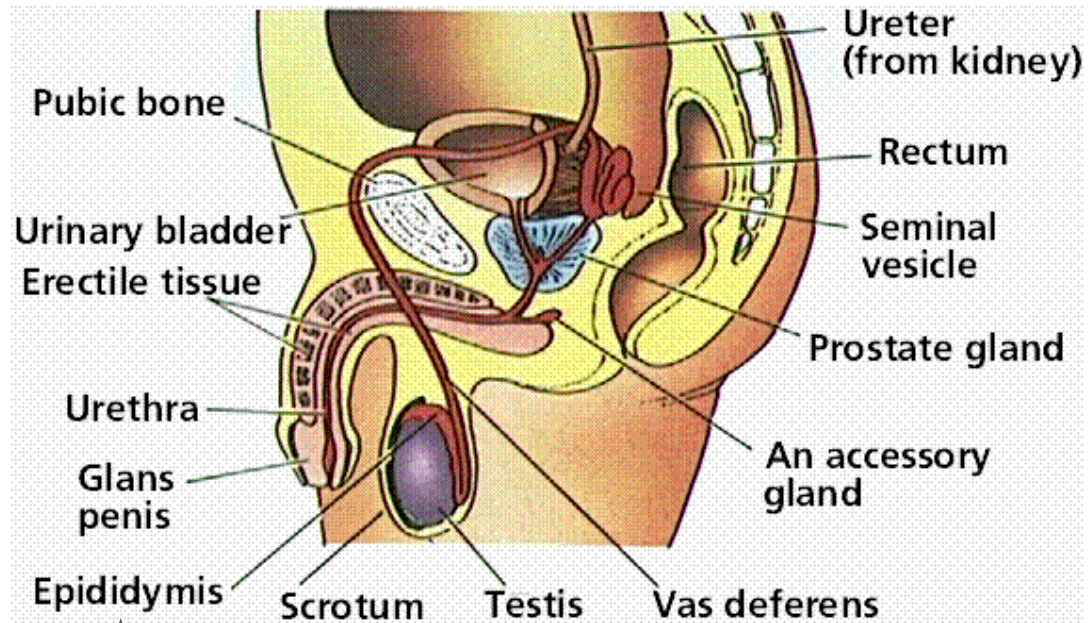
Testicles

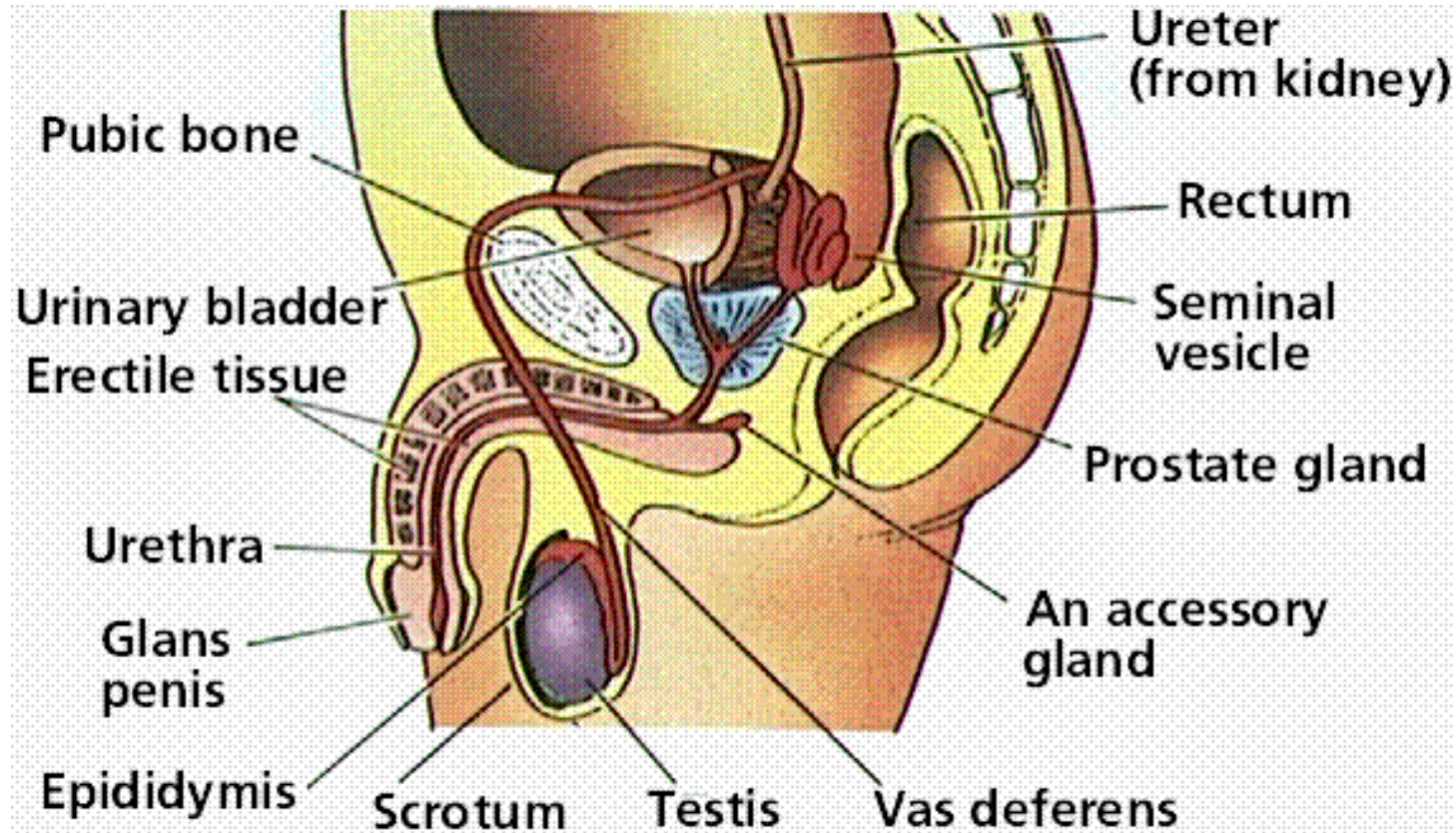
- Two glands that produce sperm cells.



Epididymis

- The place where sperm become mature (sperm high-school)





Foreskin

- The fold of skin that covers the head of the penis; it is removed if a boy is circumcised.



NAME _____ PERIOD _____ DATE _____

DIRECTIONS: Match the following definitions with the words listed below.

MALE ANATOMY MATCH-UP

- _____ 1) The two glands that produce sperm cells.
- _____ 2) The tube that carries urine, semen, and pre-ejaculatory fluid (also known as "pre-cum") out of the male's body.
- _____ 3) The place where sperm cells become mature (also known as "sperm high school").
- _____ 4) The tube that sperm cells travel through before joining up with seminal fluids (also known as the "sperm highway").
- _____ 5) The male organ used for sexual intercourse; it becomes erect when the male's body is sexually excited.
- _____ 6) The pouch of skin that protects the testicles, and holds them at a lower body temperature to aid in the production of sperm.
- _____ 7) The fold of skin that covers the head of the penis; it is removed if a boy is circumcised.

PENIS

URETHRA

TESTICLES

SCROTUM

FORESKIN

EPIDIDYMIS

VAS DEFERENS

NAME _____ PERIOD _____ DATE _____

FEMALE ANATOMY MATCH-UP

DIRECTIONS: Match the following definitions with the words listed below.

- 1) The part of a woman's body where a baby grows.
- 2) Two almond-shaped glands that store and release egg cells.
- 3) The only human body part that has no purpose other than pleasure.
- 4) The "egg highway"; the passage way that the egg cell travels through on its way to the uterus.
- 5) The female sexual organ that creates its own lubrications when the women's body is sexually aroused. Menstrual blood flows through it to leave the body.
- 6) The "gateway" between the uterus and the vagina, which opens up to 10 centimeters to let a baby pass through during childbirth.
- 7) The outermost folds of skin that make up the vulva; they have pubic hair growing on them.
- 8) The inner folds of skin that make up the vulva; they cover the opening to the vagina to protect it from bacteria and infections; they also fill up with blood when the woman's body is sexually excited.

OVARIES

CLITORIS

CERVIX

VAGINA

INNER LABIA

OUTER LABIA

UTERUS

FALLOPIAN TUBES